



Estd. 1962
"A++" Accredited by
NAAC(2021)
With CGPA 3.52

**SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR - 416 004,
MAHARASHTRA**

www.unishivaji.ac.in, bos@unishivaji.ac.in

शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर - ४१६ ००४, महाराष्ट्र

दूरध्वनी - ईपीएबीएक्स - २६०९०००, अभ्यासमंडळे विभाग दूरध्वनी ०२३१-२६०९०९३/९४



SU/BOS/Science/480

Date: 01/07/2023

To,

The Principal,
All Concerned Affiliated Colleges/Institutions
Shivaji University, Kolhapur

The Head/Co-ordinator/Director
All Concerned Department (Science)
Shivaji University, Kolhapur.

Subject: Regarding syllabi of M.Sc. Part-II (Sem. III & IV) as per NEP-2020 degree programme under the Faculty of Science and Technology.

Sir/Madam,

With reference to the subject mentioned above, I am directed to inform you that the university authorities have accepted and granted approval to the revised syllabi, nature of question paper and equivalence of M.Sc. Part-II (Sem. III & IV) as per NEP-2020 degree programme under the Faculty of Science and Technology.

M.Sc. Part-II (Sem. III & IV) as per NEP-2020			
1.	Mathematics	8.	Botany
2.	Mathematics (Distance Mode)	9.	Electronics
3.	Mathematics (Online Mode)	10.	Zoology
4.	M.Sc. Tech (Industrial Mathematics With Computer Application)	11.	Agro Chemical and Pest Management (AGPM)
5.	Geography	12.	Alcohol Technology
6.	Statistics	13.	Sugar Technology
7.	Applied Statistics and Informatics	14.	Geology

This syllabus, nature of question and equivalence shall be implemented from the academic year 2023-2024 onwards. A soft copy containing the syllabus is attached herewith and it is also available on university website www.unishivaji.ac.in

The question papers on the pre-revised syllabi of above-mentioned course will be set for the examinations to be held in October /November 2023 & March/April 2024. These chances are available for repeater students, if any.

You are, therefore, requested to bring this to the notice of all students and teachers concerned.

Thanking you,

**Dy Registrar
Dr. S. M. Kubal**

Copy to:

1	The Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology	8	P.G. Admission/Seminar Section
2	Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation	9	Computer Centre/ Eligibility Section
3	The Chairman, Respective Board of Studies	10	Affiliation Section (U.G.) (P.G.)
4	B.Sc. Exam/ Appointment Section	11	Centre for Distance Education

SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR.



NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY (NEP-2020)

Master of Science in Geology

Part- II

As Per NEP-2020

SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM JULY 2023

SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR
NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY (NEP-2020)
SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM JULY 2023
Master of Science in Geology

A) BASIC INFORMATION

ORDINANCE AND REGULATIONS:-as applicable to Post-Graduate Degree / Program

1. TITLE : Subject Geology

Optional under the Faculty of Science

2. YEAR OF IMPLEMENTATION: Revised Syllabus will be implemented from August 2023 onwards.

3. PREAMBLE:-

The revised syllabus includes the foundation, core and applied components of the course/paper. The student should get into the prime objectives and expected level of study with required outcome in terms of basic and advance knowledge at examination level.

4. GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE/ PAPER/:

The course is structured with a view to impart basic as well as advance knowledge of the subject to the students in the light of the present day scenario in earth science.

5. DURATION

- The course shall be a full time course.
- The duration of course shall be of Two years / 4 Semesters.

6. PATTERN:-

Pattern of Examination will be Semester.

7. FEE STRUCTURE: - (As applicable to self supporting course)

- i) **Entrance Examination Fee:** As per Shivaji University norms (Not refundable)
- ii) **Course Fee-** Fees will be applicable as per University rules/norms.

8. IMPLEMENTATION OF FEE STRUCTURE:-

In case of revision of fee structure, this revision will be implemented in phase wise manner.

9. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION:-

As per eligibility criteria prescribed for each course and the merit list in the qualifying examination.

10. INTAKE CAPACITY / NUMBER OF STUDENTS:- 14**11. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION:**

The medium of instruction shall be English.

12. STRUCTURE OF COURSE

Choice Based Credit System with Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Option (NEP-2020)

M.Sc. Programme Structure (Other than Mathematics and Statistics)

M.Sc. Part-I(Level-8)

SEMESTER-I (Duration-Six Month)											
	Sr. No.	Course Code	Teaching Scheme			Examination Scheme					
			Theory and Practical			University Assessment(UA)			Internal Assessment(IA)		
			Lectures (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credit	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours
CGPA	1	CC-101	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	2	CC-102	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	3	CC-103	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	4	CC-104	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	5	CCPR-105	16	16	8	200	80	--	--	--	*
Total(A)					24	520	--	--	80	--	--
Non-CGPA	1	AEC-106	2	2	2	--	--	--	50	20	2

SEMESTER-II (Duration-Six Month)											
	Sr. No.	Course Code	Teaching Scheme			Examination Scheme					
			Theory and Practical			University Assessment(UA)			Internal Assessment(IA)		
			Lectures (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credit	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours
CGPA	1	CC-201	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	2	CC-202	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1

	3	CC-203	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	4	CC-204	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	5	CCPR-205	16	16	8	200	80	--	--	--	*
Total(B)					24	520	--	--	80	--	--
Non-CGPA	1	SEC-206	2	2	2	--	--	--	50	20	2
Total(A+B)					48	1040	--	--	160	--	--

• Student contact hours per week:32Hours (Min.)	• Total Marks for M.Sc.-I :1200
• Theory and Practical Lectures: 60MinutesEach	• Total Credits for M.Sc.-I (Semester I &II):48
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CC-Core Course • CCPR-Core Course Practical • AEC-Mandatory Non-CGPA compulsory Ability Enhancement Course • SEC-Mandatory Non-CGPA compulsory Skill Enhancement Course 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practical Examination is annual. • Examination for CCPR-105 shall be based on Semester I Practicals. • Examination for CCPR-205 shall be based on Semester II Practicals. • *Duration of Practical Examination as per respective BOS guidelines • Separate passing is mandatory for Theory, Internal and Practical Examination
• Requirement for Entry at Level 8: Completed all requirements of the relevant Bachelor's degree (Level 7) with principal/major subjects.....	
• Exit Option at Level 8:Students can exit after Level 8 with Post Graduate Diploma in.....if he/she completes the courses equivalent to minimum of 48 credits.	

Choice Based Credit System with Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Option (NEP-2020)

M.Sc. Programme Structure (Other than Mathematics and Statistics)

M.Sc. Part-II(Level-9)

SEMESTER-III (Duration-Six Month)											
	Sr. No.	Course Code	Teaching Scheme			Examination Scheme					
			Theory and Practical			University Assessment(UA)			Internal Assessment(IA)		
			Lectures (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credit	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours
CGPA	1	CC-301	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	2	CCS-302	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	3	CCS-303	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	4	DSE-304	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	5	CCPR-305	16	16	8	200	80	--	--	--	*
Total(C)					24	520	--	--	80	--	--
	1	AEC-306	2	2	2	--	--	--	50	20	2

Non-CGPA	2	EC(SWM MOOC)-307	Number of lectures and credit shall be as specified on SWAYAM MOOC
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SEMESTER-IV (Duration-Six Month)											
	Sr. No.	Course Code	Teaching Scheme			Examination Scheme					
			Theory and Practical			University Assessment(UA)			Internal Assessment(IA)		
			Lectures (Per week)	Hours (Per week)	Credit	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks	Exam. Hours
CGPA	1	CC-401	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	2	CCS-402	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	3	CCS-403	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	4	DSE-404	4	4	4	80	32	3	20	8	1
	5	CCPR-405	16	16	8	200	80	--	--	--	*
Total(D)					24	520	--	--	80	--	--
Non-CGPA	1	SEC-406	2	2	2	--	--	--	50	20	2
	2	GE-407	2	2	2	--	--	--	50	20	2
Total(C+D)					48	1040	--	--	160	--	--

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student contact hours per week:32 Hours (Min.) • Theory and Practical Lectures: 60 Minutes Each • CC-Core Course <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CCS-Core Course Specialization • CCPR-Core Course Practical and Project • DSE-Discipline Specific Elective • AEC-Mandatory Non-CGPA compulsory Ability Enhancement Course • SEC-Mandatory Non-CGPA compulsory Skill Enhancement Course • EC(SWMMOOC)-Non-CGPA Elective Course • GE-Multidisciplinary Generic Elective 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total Marks for M.Sc.-II :1200 • Total Credits for M.Sc.-II (Semester III&IV):48 • Practical Examination is annual. • Examination for CCPR-305shall be based on Semester III Practicals. • Examination for CCPR-405shall be based on Semester IV Practicals. • *Duration of Practical Examination as per respective BOS guidelines • Separate passing is mandatory for Theory, Internal and Practical Examination
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requirement for Entry at Level 9: Completed all requirements of the relevant Post Graduate Diploma (Level 8)in..... • Exit at Level 9:Students will exit after Level 9 with Master's Degree in.....if he/she completes the courses equivalent to minimum of 96 credits. 	

	M.Sc.-I	M.Sc.-II	Total
Marks	1200	1200	2400
Credits	48	48	96

I. CGPA course:

1. There shall be 14Core Courses(CC)per programme.

2. There shall be 04 Core Course Specialization (CCS) of 16 credits per programme.
3. There shall be 02 Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) courses of 08 credits per programme
4. Total credits for CGPA courses shall be of 96 credits per programme

II. Mandatory Non-CGPA Courses:

1. There shall be 02 Mandatory Non-CGPA compulsory Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC) of 02 credits each per programme.
2. There shall be 01 Mandatory Non-CGPA compulsory Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) of 02 credits per programme.
3. There shall be one Elective Course (EC) (SWAYAM MOOC). The credits of this course shall be as specified on SWAYAM MOOC.
4. There shall be one Generic Elective (GE) course of 02 credits per programme. Each student has to take generic elective from the department other than parent department.
5. The total credits for Non-CGPA course shall be of 08 credits + 2-4 credits of EC as per availability.
6. The credits assigned to the course and the programme are to be earned by the students and shall not have any relevance with the work load of the teacher.

13. SCHEME OF TEACHING

The Scheme of teaching common for all semesters:

Sr. No.	Lectures / Periods per week	Teaching periods per week
1	4 Theory papers × 4 periods	16
2	2 Practicals × 6 periods	12
	Total	28

4 Lectures of 60 minutes duration per Theory paper per week.

Total 40 Lecture periods of 60 minutes per Theory paper of 100 marks per Semester.

6 Clock hours per Practical per week.

Total 15 Practical turns amounting to total 90 clock hours per Practical per Semester.

14. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Theory examination shall be conducted at the end of each Semester and Practical examination shall be conducted annually.

Question Paper will be set in the view of the / in accordance with the entire syllabus of the semester and preferably covering each unit of syllabus.

Theory Examination

There will be 4 theory papers of 3 hours duration and 80 marks each.

There will be internal examination of 20 marks for each paper

Practical Examination

The Practical Examination of 200 marks will be conducted on 2 days. On each day there will be a practical examination 100 marks and six hours duration.

In each practical of 100 marks, 80 marks are assigned to the performance at the time of practical examination and 20 marks are assigned as follows:

- i) Journal – 5 marks
- ii) Viva – 5 marks
- iii) Fieldwork Report and Collection of specimens – 10 marks.

The evaluation of the performance of the students in theory and practical papers shall be made on the basis of four semester examinations of 600 marks each.

15. NATURE OF THEORY QUESTION PAPER AND SCHEME OF MARKING

Each theory paper will consist of 7 questions of 16 marks each. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Has to be answered **any Four** questions from **2 to 7**. All questions amounting to maximum 80 marks as detailed below:

Q. No. 1: Objective Question with 4 multiple choice of 1 mark each, total 16
Questions (Fill in the Blanks type)

Q.No. 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6 : Each question is either one long answer type descriptive question of 16 marks or 2 brief answer type questions of 8 marks each.

Q. No. 7 : Six short notes of 4 marks each, out of which four to be solved for 16 marks

16. STANDARD OF PASSING:-

As Prescribed under rules & regulation for each degree / programme.

M. Sc. Part – II: Geology
Detailed CBCS Syllabus
Semester III

CC-301: Hydrogeology	(4-credits)
CCS-302: Geophysics and Exploration Methods	(4-credits)
CCS-303: Geochemistry	(4-credits)
DSE-304: One of the following optional Papers-	(4-credits)
(a) Gemmology and Industrial Mineralogy	
(b) Mining Geology	
(c) Marine Geology	
(d) Geoinformatics	
CCPR-305: Core Course Practical	(8-credits)
AEC-306: Non-CGPA(Mandatory)	
EC(SWM MOOC)-307: Non-CGPA	

CC-301: Hydrogeology

Theory

Unit I

Groundwater – Origin, types, importance, occurrence and distribution of water in the Earth's crust. Hydrological cycle – Precipitation, runoff, infiltration and evapotranspiration; Groundwater reservoir and Groundwater movement; Influent and effluent seepage, springs, Types of aquifers and their properties.

Hydrologic properties of rocks: porosity, permeability, specific yield, specific retention, hydraulic conductivity, transmissivity, storage coefficient, Darcy's law, Occurrence of groundwater in different rock types.

Unit II

Water well technology, types of wells; Drilling methods; Construction, development and maintenance of wells. Water table contour maps, Hydrographs; Well hydraulics, confined, unconfined, steady, unsteady and radial flow, Water level fluctuations, causative factors and their measurements; Methods of pumping test and analysis of test data, Evaluation of aquifer parameters from pumping test analysis.

Unit III

Surface and subsurface geophysical and geological methods of groundwater exploration. Hydrogeomorphic mapping using remote sensing techniques. Radio-isotope Tracers in hydrogeological studies. Collection of hydrogeological data and

preparation of hydrogeological maps.

Groundwater quality: Physical, Chemical and Bacteriological parameters and their estimation, Diagrammatic representation of chemical data, Water contaminants and pollutants: Pollution factors, sources and nature of pollution, Pollution mechanism, its detection and prevention.

Unit IV

Water management in rural and urban areas: Problems of overexploitation of groundwater, artificial and natural factors controlling water recharge, Rain water harvesting, artificial recharge of groundwater, Groundwater legislation, Groundwater intrusion in coastal aquifers and remedial measures, watershed management and related environmental aspects.

Problems of arsenic and fluoride contamination of groundwater in various regions of India;

Hydro-stratigraphic units of India; Paleo-hydrological studies; Groundwater Modelling.

Practicals

Identification and demarcation of Watershed boundaries,

Interpretation of well inventory data, Determination of groundwater flow direction,

Preparation of water table contour map.

Estimation permeability.

Analysis of hydrographs and estimation of infiltration capacity.

Pumping test – Time, Drawdown and time recovery tests. Evaluation of aquifer parameters, step drawdown test.

Study of depth and yields of bore wells.

Study of Electric resistivity sounding data for delineation of fresh and saline aquifers.

Study of geophysical well logs.

Exercises on groundwater exploration using remote sensing techniques.

Exercises related on ground water modeling with given data.

Books Recommended

1. Groundwater hydrogeology – D. K. Todd , John Wiley and Sons Inc, New York.
2. Hydrogeology – S. N. Davis and R. J. M. Dewiest. Hydrogeology. John Wiley.
3. Ground water – Freeze, R.A. and Cherry, J.A. Prentice Hall Publication.
4. Water- Subramaniam, V. Kingston Publication London.
5. Groundwater studies – R. H. Brown and others
6. Groundwater Hydrology – Herman Bouver
7. Groundwater Resources Evaluation – W. C. Walton
8. Hydrogeology – C. F. Fetter
9. Hand book of applied hydrology – Ven Te Chew
10. Groundwater and wells – Hohnson publication
11. Physical and chemical hydrogeology – Patrick A. D. Dominics
12. Applied hydrogeology – Chow M. Mays, Mac Graw Hil Publicaiton
13. Hydrogeology and wet housed conservation – Gulman – wiley publication
14. Groundwater survey and investigation – Gautham Mahajan ApH puls.

15. Hydrogeology – Raghunath HM
16. Hydrogeology – Karanth K R, Tata Mac Graw Hill Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
17. Groundwater Assessment Development and Management – Karanth KR, Tata Mac-Graw Hill
18. Groundwater – S. Ramakrishnan
19. Palehydrology and Environmental change : Bemite, V R Babar and K. J. Gregong, Wiley, Chichester
20. Global Environment Changes, the context of paleohydrology, J. Brauson., A. G. Brown, K. S. Gregory, Wiley Chichester.
21. Groundwater in Hydrosphere (Groundwater Hydrology)- Nagabhushanian, H.S. CBS Publisher, New Delhi.
22. Applied hydrogeology – Fetter C. V
23. Regional Groundwater Quality – Alley W. M. VNR, New York

CCS-302: Geophysics and Exploration Methods

Theory

Unit I

The Exploration by Geological criteria of mineral deposits, Geochemical tools and methods involving various geochemical mapping techniques. Integrated approach of geophysical methods in mineral exploration, groundwater and petroleum exploration.

Radioactivity of rocks and minerals, Alpha, Beta and Gamma radiation sources, Occurrence of radioactive minerals, Half-life, fussion, fission; Dating radioactive traces, field equipment and procedures.

Unit II

Variation of gravity over the surface of the earth; principles of gravimeters; gravity field surveys; various types of corrections applied to gravity data; preparation of gravity anomaly maps and their interpretation in terms of shape, size and depth.

Geomagnetic field of the earth; magnetic properties of rocks; working principles of magnetometers; field surveys and data reductions; preparation of magnetic anomaly maps and their quantitative interpretation; magnetic anomalies due to single pole, dipole; introduction to aeromagnetic surveys, three dimensional current flow, potential due to a point current source.

Unit III

Resistivity methods; basic principles; various types of electrode configurations; field procedure profiling and sounding and interpretation, application of electrical method in groundwater prospecting and civil engineering problems. Interpretation techniques for resistivity sounding, self-potential methods, Induced polarization methods.

Electromagnetic methods- Basic principle, instruments used and interpretation of electromagnetic surveys. Introduction to the methods using artificial and natural fields-Telluric, Magneto-telluric and airborne electromagnetic methods.

Unit IV

Seismic methods; fundamental principles of wave propagation; refraction and refraction surveys for single interface, horizontal and dipping cases; concept of seismic channels and multi-channel recording of seismic data; End-on and split spread shooting techniques; CDP method of data acquisition; sorting; gather; stacking and record section; seismic velocity and interpretation of seismic data.

Introduction to logging, Aims and objectives, Classification of logging methods and techniques, Basic principles, Instrumentation, field procedures. Interpretation of well logs and their applications.

Practicals

Application of geophysical data for geological purpose.

Interpretation of surface geophysical data in mineral exploration- gravity data, magnetic data, electrical data. Utility of seismic reflection data in recognition of subsurface structures; interpretation of seismic data.

Interpretation of logging data.

Books Recommended

1. Sharma, P.V. Geophysical Methods in Geology
2. Dobrin, M. B. Introduction to Geophysical Prospecting, McGraw Hill.
3. Paransis, D.S. Principles of Applied Geophysics
4. Stanislaw, M. Introduction to Applied Geophysics
5. Rao, M.B.R. Outlines of Geophysical Prospecting Manual for Geologists
6. Ramam, P.K. Principles and Practices of Mineral Exploration, Geological Society of India, Bangalore.
7. Stanislaw, M. Introduction to applied Geophysics, Reidel Publ.
8. Lowrie, W. Fundamentals of Geophysics, Cambridge University Press.
9. Mussette, A.E. and Khan, M.A. Looking into the earth: An introduction to geological geophysics, Cambridge University Press.

CCS-303: Geochemistry

Theory

Unit I

Origin and abundance of elements in the Earth, solar system and its constituents.

Atomic structure and properties of elements in the periodic table, Special properties of transition and rare – earth elements.

Unit II

Goldschmidt's Principles of Geochemistry. Geochemical classification of elements in the Earth. Principles of Geochemical Cycle.

Isomorphism and Polymorphism, Principles of Geothermobarometry.

Unit III

Radiogenic Isotopes; Radioactive decay scheme of V – Pb, Sm – Nd, Rb – Sr, K – Ar and growth of daughter isotopes; Radioactive dating of single minerals and whole rocks; Stable Isotopes- nature, abundance and fractionation, fluid interaction and biological processes.

Laws of thermodynamics, Concept of free energy; Activity, fugacity and equilibrium constant; Thermodynamics of ideal, non – ideal and dilute solutions.

Unit IV

Principles of ionic substitution in minerals; Element partitioning in mineral/rock formation and Concept of simple distribution coefficients and exchange reaction distribution coefficients; Element partitioning (partitioning ?) in mineral assemblages and its use in the pressure – temperature estimation.

Chemistry of natural waters; mineral stability in Eh-pH diagram; Rock weathering and soil formation; Elemental mobility in surface environment; Concept of geochemical – biogeochemical cycle and Global climate.

Practicals

Preparation and Interpretation of geochemical maps.

Analysis of Rock / Sediment / Soil samples.

Periodic Table

Books Recommended

1. Allegre, C.J. and Michard, G. Introduction to Geochemistry, Reidel Holland.
2. Mason, B. Introduction to Geochemistry, Wiley Eastern.
3. Anderson, G.M. and Crerar, D.A. Thermodynamics in Geochemistry-the equilibrium model, Oxford Univ. Press, NY.
4. Introduction to Geochemistry – Mason B and Moore C. B.
5. Introduction to Geochemistry – Krauskopf K. B and Bird D. K.
6. Geochemistry – Goldschmidt V. M Clarendon Press.
7. Encyclopedia of Geochemistry – Marshal C. P and Fairbridge R. W.
8. Stable Isotope Geochemistry – Hoefs J.
9. Principles of Isotope Geology – Faure G.
10. Handbook of Exploration Geochemistry – Govett G. J. S.
11. Geochemistry of Natural Waters – Drever J. I.
12. Marine Chemistry – Home R. A.

DSE-304: Any one of the following four optional Papers

DSE-304(a)- Gemmology & Industrial Mineralogy

Theory

Unit I

Introduction to Gems –Precious and Semiprecious stones and their economic importance. Basic Properties of Gems- Hardness, Specific Gravity, Refractive Index, Luster, Play of colours, Qualities & Classification of gem materials- the 4 'C's;

Introduction to Special optical properties like Chatoyancy, Asterism, Luminescence, Play of colours, Labradorescence, Inclusions.

Unit II

Gem Testing- Refractometers, Polariscopes, Dichroscopes, Ultra Violet lamps- Principles and Uses. Methods of determination of Specific Gravity. Distinction between synthetic and natural gemstones

Formation of Gemstones. Occurrence of Gems in India. Gem Industry in India.

Unit III

Introduction to industrial specifications and preparations of raw material used in Ceramics and Refractories, Abrasives, Construction / Building Materials, Cement, Drilling mud.

Outline of techniques for testing raw materials in Ceramics and Refractories,

Abrasives, Construction / Building Materials, Cement, Drilling mud.

Unit IV

Introduction to industrial specifications, and preparations of raw material used in Paints, Fertilizers, Electronics, Chemical Industry, Glass Industry, Metallurgical Industry.

Outline of techniques of testing raw materials in Paints, Fertilizers, Electronics, Chemical Industry, Glass Industry, Metallurgical Industry.

Practicals

Visual observation and identification of Gemstones - Diamond, Ruby, Blue & Yellow sap hite, Emerald, Aquamarine, Tourmaline, Alexandrite, Torques, Malachite.

Visual observation and identification of Precious & Semi precious tones- Rose quarts, Amethyst, Agate, Opal, coral, Pearl, Amber, Synthetic stones.

Use of refractometers. Determinations of Specific Gravity.

Observation of inclusions for distinction between synthetic and natural gem stones.

Study of physical properties of Industrial minerals and materials in hand specimens with respect to industrial specifications.

Preparation of charts showing specifications of materials required for different industries.

Use of DTA & DTG techniques in cauterization of raw materials.

Books Recommended

1. Beginner's Guide to Gemmology-Read
2. Gems – Webster Anderson
3. Gem Testing – Anderson B. W.
4. Practical Gemmology – Webster R.
5. Geology of Industrial Rocks and Minerals – Bates
6. Indian Mineral Resources – Roy
7. Process Mineralogy of Ceramic Materials – Boungart, Dunham, and Amstutz
8. Gems and Gem Industry in India – Karanth, R.V.
9. Enhancement of Gems –Karanth, R.V.
10. Gems of the World – Phillips Series
11. Diamonds in India - Babu T. M. Geological Society of India, Bangalore

DSE-304 (b) - Mining Geology

Theory

Unit I

Application of geology in mining, guides in the location of ore deposit- physiographic, lithologic, stratigraphic, mineralogic and structural guides, Appraisal of exploration data for exploratory mining. Terms used in exploratory mining, introductory aspect of mine planning. Mine development

Types of mining- Alluvial Mining, Quarrying and Open cast Mining, Underground Mining.

Open Cast Mining Methods- Excavation, Benching, Levelling. Methods of breaking rocks- Blasting practices- Drilling blast holes, Explosives used in mining, Transportation of ore.

Underground Mining Methods for metallic, non-metallic minerals- Modes of entry to mineral deposits Adit, Tunnel, Incline or vertical Shaft. Underground exploration methods in mining, geotechnical investigations for mine planning, mining machinery, transportation: haulage and hoisting. Mine organization and operations- Shaft Sinking, drifting, cross cutting, winzing, stopping, room & pillaring, top – slicing, sub – level caving and block caving; Mine drainage; ventilation; illumination.

Unit II

Mine hazards and Safety works- Mine inundation, Fire and Rock burst, Subsidence.

Support of mine excavation; timber treatment, safety measures in underground and open cast mines, rescue work.

Factors in evaluating mineral deposits. Objectives of valuation, Mine examination. Theory and methods of Sampling, Sampling calculations, recoverable values.

Unit III

Cost of mining, Life of mine, Future costs and profits, Present value of mine and its determination by compound interest and Hoskold formula method. Amortization;

Scope of Mineral Dressing; Historical Outline; Properties of Ores and minerals applied to mineral beneficiation – Hardness, specific gravity, Colour, Diaphaneity. Ore microscopy. Operating steps involved- Size reduction– Crushing- Crushers – Jaw Crushers, Blake type, and Dodge type. Gyratory crushers, Cone crushers, Roll crushers – Angle of NIP, Fine crushers, Special crushers. Rittinger's Law, Kick's Law, Bond's Theory. Screening – Hand screening, Automatic screening, Sieve shakers. Laboratory sizing – Graphical representation of size analysis.

Unit IV

Principles of Concentration Processes, Flowing film Concentration Process, Gravity Concentration Process. Jigging, Tabling, Comparison between Jigging & Tabling, Jigging cycles. Magnetic separation- Principles and applications, Classification of magnetic separators- Ball Norton Drum Separator, Ding's Wet Magnetic Separator. Principle of Electromagnetic separators.

Pneumatic concentration – Amalgamation, Flotation principles, Types of flotation, Reagents used in flotation, Collectors, Frothers, Depressants, Modifiers, Coal Dressing – Heavy Media separation. Agglomeration Techniques – Pelletisation Process, Nodulizing Process, Briquetting process, Sintering process.

Practicals

Determination and evaluation of ore in mines; classification of ore reserves and mineral resources (UNFC classification system), use of computers in ore reserve estimation, Sampling calculations; recoverable values; cost of mining; Future costs and profits, Life of a mine. Determination of present value of mine. Drawing cross section of mine with the help of available data.

Problems – Roll crusher angle of NIP, Relation between size of feed and size of produce; Size analysis of ground material their graphical representation; Study of settling rate of solids with respect to Stoke's Law and Rittinger's Law using clay samples; Calculation of ratio of concentration and recovery percentages.

Books Recommended

1. Elements of Mining – Young G. J.
2. Elements of Mining – Lewis R. A. & Clark G. A.
3. Mining Geology – Arogyaswami – Courses in mining geology: Oxford and IBH
4. Pub. Co., New Delhi.
5. Mining Geology – McKinstry H. E. Prentice Hall Inc.
6. Mining of Mineral deposits – Sheryanthov L.
7. Principles of Mineral Dressing – Garudin A. M. (McGraw Hill)
8. Elements of Ore Dressing – Taggart A. F. (John Wiley)
9. Principles of Mineral Beneficiation – Wells & Wells
10. Mineral Processing – Pray (Elsevier)
11. Ore Processing – Jain S. K. (Elsevier)
12. Peele, R. and Church, J.A. Handbook of mining (Vol.I and II) Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi

DSE-304 (c) - Marine Geology

Theory

Unit I

History of Marine Geology, Distribution of Land and Sea, World's Oceans- Oceans and Seas, Origin of the seawater, Bathymetric Provinces.

Instruments used in Marine Geology, Position fixing, Depth measurement and sea bed mapping technique, Side-scan Sonar, Hydrography, Hydrographic chart.

Marine mineral resource management, Law of the sea bed, Indian strategy and future perspectives.

Origin of Ocean Basins, Isostasy, Rock Magnetism, Sea-floor Spreading, plate tectonics, Submarine earthquakes and tsunamis. Volcanism, Marine slides.

Classification of shores and coasts. Clifed coast, Estuaries, Delta, Beach.

Beach profile. Near shore geological processes- Circulation in the surf zone, erosion, transport and deposition sand budget. Beach morphodynamics- variations in beach morphology, and its significance.

Petrology of the Ocean Floor, Submarine geomorphology;

Unit II

Marine depositional environments-coastal, shallow marine, and deep sea.

Shelf sedimentation- Concept of Sedimentary facies, Factors controlling nature and distribution of facies.

Coral reefs.

Deep- sea sedimentation, Sources of sediments to deep sea.

Rate of sedimentation in the oceans. Geological effect of bottom sea currents

Sedimentary and faunal markers of palaeoenvironmental conditions.

Dissolved Organic Matter in the sea water- Chemical and biological aspects, Source of supply and processes of removal of dissolved organic matter.

Suspended Matter in sea water- Composition and characteristics of suspended matter, Settling rate of suspended matter.

Component composition and geochemistry of deep-sea sediments.

Origin and distribution of gas hydrates in marine sediments.

Radioactivity- Classification-Primary, cosmogenic and artificial radio nuclides, their occurrence,distribution and decay series. Sampling and storage of radionuclides and their application in geochronology of marine sediments.

Unit III

The role of micropalaeontology in Marine Geology and Oceanography including palaeo-oceanography, palaeoclimate, marine archaeology. Environmental significance of microfossils. Micropalaeontology in Petroleum Exploration.

Fossilisation process, Types of microfossils and their classification,
Brief account of dinoflagellate – Marine diatoms and silicoflagellates.
Techniques for palaeoclimate reconstruction with respect to oxygen isotope studies.

Physical and Chemical structure of the ocean. Physical and Chemical nature of sea water, Ocean circulation – Wave motion, Wave phenomenon, Tides, Ocean currents. Astronomical tides of ocean, Wind waves, swells-seiches-storm surges, Tsunamis, Turbulence – stirring – mixing – diffusion.
Littoral current- Longshore sediment transport, Wave refraction, diffraction.
Atmosphere- Ocean climate coupling, Climatic role of the ocean, Carbon Cycle, Global energy budget.

Unit IV

Process of formation of Heavy Mineral Placers in Beaches, near shore areas and submerged beaches; Placer deposits of drowned river valleys.
Manganese Nodules- Occurrence and distribution, Physical characters, Morphology, Mineralogy, Chemical composition of Mn-nodules, Nodule growth. Hydrothermal sulphates, Manganese crust. Sea bed minerals with emphasis on Indian Ocean- Polymetallic nodules, phosphorites, carbonates, Petroleum resources. Gas hydrates.

Beach mineral exploration method, Mining of beach sands. Method of exploration and mining of drowned river valleys.
Deep sea exploration and offshore mining methods, Shallow sea exploration and mining methods, Environmental disturbance caused by mining and remedial measures.
Petroleum exploration and monitoring marine pollution.

Practicals

Beach profile survey and sediment sample collection using grab and corer, Sample preservation, Grain size (sand grade) analysis and data computation, Graphical representation and interpretation.
Depositional environment studies using a data set. Techniques for heavy mineral separation and identification.
Study of microfossils.
Study of bathymetry maps, Graphical representation and interpretation of bathymetry data set.
Determination of dissolved organic N and P in seawater. Determination of particulate organic C, N and P in seawater. Determination of Fe and B in seawater by Spectrophotometric method.
Sediment digestion procedure- Determination of Mn, Cr, and Ni in sediments by AAS method, Determination of organic C, N and P in sediments.

Books Recommended

1. Submarine Geology- Shephard, F. P., Harper and Raw
2. The Sea Floor – Seabold, E. and Berger, W. H., , Springer Verlag
3. Introduction to Marine Geology and Geomorphology- King, C. A. M., Edward Arnold, London.
4. Geological Oceanography- Shephard, F.P., Heinmann, London
5. Coastal and estuarine sediment dynamics- Dyer, K. R. , John Wiley and Sons
6. Beach Process and sedimentation – Komar, P. D. , Prentice Hall
7. Depositional Sedimentary environments – Reineck, H. E. and Singh, I. B., Springer Verlag
8. Introduction to geochemistry, Krauskopf, K.B., McGraw-Hill
9. Geochemistry-Goldschmidt, V. M., Clarendon Press.
10. Chemical Oceanography (Vol.1 to 3)- Riley, J. P. and Skirrow, G.
11. Marine chemistry- Home, R. A.
12. Introduction to Marine Micropalaeontology- B.U.Hag and A. Boersma
13. Microfossils – Brasier M.D.
14. Elements of Micropalaeontology – B'gnor B.
15. Waves and Beaches- The dynamics of the ocean surface –Basiom W.
16. Coastal Sedimentary Dynamics – Daris R.A.
17. CRC Handbook of coastal process and erosion – Komar P.D.
18. Oceanography – Paul R. Pinet
19. Principles of Physical Oceanography- G. Neumann and W. J. Pierson
20. Mineral wealth of ocean – A. K. Ghosh and Randhir Mukhopadhyay
21. The mineral resources of the sea – J. L. Mero
22. Handbook of marine mineral deposits- D. S. Cronon
23. The Indian Ocean- Exploitable mineral and Petroleum resources – Roonwal G. S.

DSE-304 (d)- Geoinformatics

Unit I

Geographical Information Systems (GIS): Principle, Definitions & Terminology, Roots of GIS, Need of GIS, Component of GIS. Spatial analysis- spatial elements, entities and attributes, patterns.

Map as geographic data base- Map scale, Classes of Map, Geographic Coordinate system, map projections- conformal and mathematical projections and properties, map reading.

Unit II

Concept of Cartography, history and sequence of development, Cartographic processes, cartographic abstraction, generalization, accuracy and reliability. Georeferencing, Attribute data for Thematic Mapping & Preparation of Thematic maps

Graphic representation of data Raster & Vector, Relation between data representation & Data Analysis

Unit III

Input & Output methods, Remote sensing as raster data input

Editing- importance, editing errors, edge matching and rubber sheeting,

Unit IV

Digital Terrain Models (DTM)- Definition & Terminology, Approaches to DTM, Acquisition of Data, data processing & Visualization, Applications of DTM

Applications of GIS- geological, geographical, Land use/Land cover, Watershed development, Environmental, Urban planning

Practicals

Identification of Geographic features, Map registration, digitization and editing, Linking external tables, Vector analysis, Raster analysis, Terrain analysis and watershed delineation. Use of sophisticated GIS based software.

Books Recommended

1. Remote Sensing and Geographical Information System – Anji Reddy
2. Concepts and Techniques of Geographical Information System – C. P. Lo and Albert K. W. Yeung
3. Star J. And Estes, J.E. Geographic Information System: An introduction, New Jersey, Printice Hall.
4. Aronoff, S. geographical Information System- a management perspective, WDL Publication Ottawa, Canada.
5. Tyner, J. Introduction to thematic Cartography, Prentice-hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey.
6. Mishra, R.P. and A. Ramesh . Fundamental of Cartography, Concepts Publishing Company, New Delhi.
7. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornwilius and Steve Carver An introduction to
8. Geographical Information System, Addison Wesley Longman Limited, New York.
9. Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, H.R. Maps and diagrams, Metheun & Co., London.

10. Lawrence, G.R.P.. Cartographic methods, Metheun & Co.,Canada.
11. Andon, R.W. (Ed). Basic Cartography for students and technicians, Vol. 2,
12. International Cartographic association, Elsevier Applied Science Publisher London.

Field Work: Five to Seven 'One-day independent visits' to Geological-field sites, Industries or Commercial Units of geological interest and submission of a report thereof is compulsory at the time of Practical Examination / Viva voce.

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SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY (NEP-2020)

SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM AUGUST 2023

Semester IV

CC-401: Engineering Geology and Geo-techniques	(4-credits)
CCS-402: Natural Resource Management	(4-credits)
CCS-403: Environmental Geology	(4-credits)
DSE-404: Dissertation and Institutional Training	(4-credits)
CCPR-405: Core Course Practical	(8-credits)
SEC-406: Non-CGPA(Mandatory)	
GE-407: Non-CGPA	

CC-401: Engineering Geology and Geo-techniques

Theory

Unit I

Scope of Engineering Geology in Civil Engineering and mining industry.
Building Stones: Engineering properties of rocks and their dependence upon geological characters, rock discontinuities, inbuilt stresses in rocks, measurement of these stresses by Flat Jack Method. Requirement of good building stone, Engineering properties of soils.

Preliminary Geological Investigation: Geological and geophysical studies for various projects, Engineering consideration of structural features, Importance of hydrogeology in civil engineering structures.

Unit II

Exploratory drilling: Observations, Preservation of cores, Core logging, Core

recovery, R.Q.D., Graphical representation of core log, Limitation of exploratory drilling method, numerical problems on core drilling.

Earthquake and Seismicity, Seismic zones of India, Engineering problems, precautionary measures and mitigations of hazards related to seismicity. Aseismic design of Engineering Projects.

Unit III

Classification of dams, Geotechnical investigations for dams and reservoirs, Criteria for selection of a good dam site, Dam foundation problems, Reservoir problems, Reservoir Induced Seismicity.

Tunnelling: Definition, Civil Engineering terms, difficulties during tunnelling, Influence of geological conditions on tunnelling, Lining after tunnelling, Geological consideration while choosing tunnel alignment, Tunnel in folded strata, sedimentary rocks.

Unit IV

Geology of Bridge sites: Types of bridges, Geological investigation for selection of sites for bridge. Geotechnical studies for Beach engineering, hydroelectric power generation, Highways etc.

Engineering Geology of Deccan Traps: Types of basalts and associated volcanic rocks, Engineering characteristics of these rock types, Engineering significance of variation in size, number and infillings of gas cavities, Compact and amygdaloidal basalt as construction material, Effects on jointing, hydrothermal alteration and weathering on engineering behaviour of various varieties of Deccan traps. Tail channel erosion problem in Deccan Trap region, suitability of basalts from tunnelling point of view, Problems due to columnar basalt, dykes, red bole, tachylitic basalt, Volcanic breccia and fractures, Laterites-Origin, occurrence and engineering aspects. Ground water bearing capacity of the rocks of Deccan Trap region, Percolation tanks, Geological conditions suitable and unsuitable for construction of percolation tanks.

Practicals

Study of geological map of Maharashtra state and India.

Core logging of exploring drill hole.

Study and construction of subsurface sections based upon data of the series of drill holes.

Use of Electrical Resistivity Method for determining depth of bedrock.

Study of engineering properties of rock and soil samples.

Suitability of different rock types for the civil engineering work.

Problems related to RQD
Preparation of Rose diagram
Soil classification/ rock classification related problems

Books Recommended

1. Engineering and General Geology – By Prabin Singh, S. K. Katariya and sons, Delhi.
2. A Text Book of Geology – By P. K. Mukerjee, The World Press Pvt.Ltd., Calcutta.
3. Geology Hand book in Civil Engineering- By R. F. Legget – McGrawHill, New York.
4. Principles of Engineering Geology and Geotechnics- By D. P. Krynine & W. R. Judd, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.
5. Engineering Properties of Rocks – By L. W. Farmer, Chapman & Hall, London.
6. Experiments in Engineering Geology – By K. V. G. K. Gokhale & D. M. Rao, TMN, New-Delhi.
7. A Text Book of Engineering Geology – By R. B. Gupte, Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune.
8. Engineering Geology for Civil Engineering – By Dr. D. V. Reddy, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
9. Engineering Geology - By B. S. Sathya Narayanswami, Dhanpat Rai & Co.(P) Ltd, Delhi.
10. Engineering Geology Laboratory Manual.
11. Geology of India and Burma- M. S. Krishnan, Higginbothams Pvt. Ltd.
12. Koyana Earthquake Journal (1968) Indian Geophysics Uni.
13. Introduction to Rock Mechanics by Verma B. P., Khanna Publisher, Delhi.

CCS-402: Natural Resource Management

Theory

Unit I

Meaning and Classification of Natural Resources- Renewable and non-renewable resources.

Identification of natural resources – Economic minerals, Natural Fuels, Water, Land, Soil, and Forests. Human use and its impact on the resources.

Management tools and techniques. Planning for Sustainable Development. National Policy for Natural Resources.

Classification of economic minerals based on their use, Ore minerals- Production, treatment and use of Precious metals, Ferrous metals, Rare earth / minor element resources. Non-metallic minerals-Classification, Production, treatment and uses in - Ceramic, refractory, pigments, paints, fertiliser etc. industry.
Mineral resources management and conservation.

Unit II

Marine Mineral Resources- Factors controlling occurrence and distribution of Polymetallic / Manganese nodules, Phosphorites, Hydrocarbons, Beach Placers, Evaporites, Rare metals, Ornamental stones- Corals, Pearls, and Shells.

Management of Marine Resources- Principles and parameters.

Land Resources- Land as a natural resource, Land use and Land cover classification system. Physiography, climate, structure and composition of –Forest, Croplands, Grazing, Desert and Wastelands. Land use evaluation and planning. Techniques of terrain evaluation.

Management of Land Resources – Croplands, Wasteland, Grazing land, Forests and Deserts.

Unit III

Soil resources – Soil profile, Soil Types – Components and Genesis. Physico-chemical parameters of soil in relation to Agriculture and Engineering Practices. Soil erosion- preventive measures. Soil Conservation Practices.

Water resources – Water as a Renewable Resource – River resources and Flood control, Groundwater resources- Occurrence and Distribution.

Management of water resources- Identification of problems of overdraft, over-irrigation- Salination of soil and water, Seawater intrusion in coastal aquifers, Surface water and Groundwater Pollution.

Remedial Measures- Water budgeting-Demand and Supply evaluation. Sustainable Watershed Development. Surface water conservation methods. Groundwater Recharge- Natural and Artificial methods,

Water Quality parameters and standards for domestic, agriculture and industrial use.

Water use and Law, National and Maharashtra State Water Policy.

Unit IV

Natural Energy Resources –Role of energy resources in the development of a Nation.

Non- Renewable energy resources-Coal, Petroleum, Natural Gas and Atomic Minerals- Production, treatment and use. Indian occurrences. Planned development and Integrated use.

Conventional and Non-conventional Energy Resources. Wind Energy as a Resource, Wind availability, Geomorphological considerations in the site selection for windmills. Solar Energy as a Resource, Geological, Climatological aspects in Harnessing Solar Energy.

Forests resources – Forest cover, Integrated use of forest resources, Degradation of forest resources and remedial measures.

Coastal resources and problems.

Practicals

Study of Mineral Map of India. Preparation of land use pattern maps from field studies, Water budgeting, Study of Toposheets and Remote Sensing data, Analyses of multidisciplinary data such as water availability, land use, agricultural practice, soil character and composition for optimum and sustainable development.

Books Recommended

1. Natural Resource Ecology, Economics and Policy - Holechek, J. L., Cole, R. A., Fisher, J. T., and Valdez, R., 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall Education.
2. Modelling in Natural Resource Management Development, Interpretation and Application- Shenk, T. M. and Franklin A. M., Island Press.
3. Making Collaboration Work- Lessons from Innovation in Natural Resource Management- Wondolleck, J. M. and Yaffee, S. L., Island Press
4. Aerial Photography and Image Interpretation for Resource Management-Paine, D. P., John Wiley and Sons, New York, 571p.
5. Principles of Geographical Information System for land Resources Assessment - Burroughs, P. A., Oxford University Press.
6. Understanding GIS: The Arc Info method Training Course for GIS for resource management and development planning- Environment Systems Research Institute.
7. Examination and Valuation of Mineral Property- Banter and Parks
8. India's Mineral Wealth-Brown and Day.
9. Groundwater Assessment, Development, and Management- Karanth K. R.
10. Geology of Petroleum- Levenson
11. Petroleum Geology- Russel

CCS-403- Environmental Geology

Theory

Unit I

Introduction, fundamental concept and scope of Environmental Geology, Concepts of lithosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere and their Physico-chemical characteristics. Time scales of changes in the ecosystem and climate.

Ecology –Meaning and Scope, Concept of Ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem, Earth systems and cycles: Carbon Cycle, Nitrogen Cycle, Oxygen Cycle, Phosphorus cycle.

Unit II

Natural hazards – Types, causes, effects and controlling of natural disasters- Volcanism, Earthquakes and tsunamis, Avalanches, Floods, Landside, Coastal hazards, Desertification : Planning for disaster mitigation, Remedial measures and Case studies,

Air Pollution: Sources and Classification of air pollutants, Effects of air pollution on environment, antipollution measures, Acid rain, Ozone depletion, Green House Effects & Global Warming, Remedial measures. Water pollution: BIS and WHO Standards for water quality, Sources and Classification of surface water and groundwater pollutants - Domestic waste, Agricultural waste, Fertilizers and pesticides, Remedial measures.

Unit III

Soil Pollution: Geological conditions vulnerable to soil pollution- Rock type, Soil cover, Depth of weathering, Porosity and Permeability. Sources and Classification of pollutants effects on soil, alkaline / saline soil, acidic soils, formation of wasteland and its reclamation.

Environmental aspects of mining and refineries- Open cast and underground mining, refineries. Hazardous Waste Disposal - Solid and liquid waste. Geological factors in selection of sites for solid, liquid, hazardous waste disposal, remedial measures.

Unit IV

Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)– Risk Assessment and Analysis, Remedial Measures, Environment Management Plan (EMP).

Role of Geology in Environmental management. Hazard Zonation Maps and Preparedness Plans with respect to Mining, Earthquakes and Tsunamis, Volcanism, Landslides, Floods and Desertification.

Practicals

Methods of collection of surface and groundwater samples.

Analysis of water samples,– pH, EC, (Electrical Conductivity), total hardness, Ca, SO₄.

Classification of water samples for finding its suitability as drinking, irrigation, industrial suitability with reference to BIS and WHO standards.

Presentation of chemical analysis data and plotting chemical classification diagrams.

Preparation of hazard zonation maps for different kinds of hazards.

Books Recommended

1. Principles of Environmental Science- Watt K. E. F., McGraw Hill Book Company
2. Environmental Geology- K.S. Valdiya, Tata McGraw Publication
3. Environmental Geology –Keller, E. A. Bell and Howell, USA
4. Fundamentals of Ecology- E. P. Odum
5. Natural Hazards – Bryant, E., Cambridge University Press
6. Geological Hazards – Bell, F. G., Routledge, London
7. Disaster Management- Prakash I., Rashtriya Prahari Prakashan.

8. Disaster Management- Sharma, V. K. I. I. P.A. New Delhi
9. Chemical and Biological Methods for Water Pollution Studies- R. K. Trivedi and P.K. Goel, Enviro Publication
10. Environmental Biology- K. C. Agarwal, Agro-Bios Jodhapur.
11. Environmental Impact Assessment – Larry W. Canter, McGraw Hill Industrial Edition.
12. The Dynamic Earth System – Patwardhan, A. M., Prentice Hall

DSE-404 – Dissertation or Institutional Training

1. Each student is required to undertake a Dissertation / Institutional Training under the Guidance of a Faculty Member at the beginning of Semester III.
2. The dissertation work may involve
 - a) field investigations or
 - b) survey of useful of earth materials in industries and
 - c) laboratory studies.

This is to be followed by computational work, data processing and analysis or a combination of these.

3. Towards completion of the work each student should present his work using Power Point to the audience consisting of his/her Guide, Head of the Department, Staff and Students of Geology Department and interested persons from other departments. The draft of the thesis should then be then finalised and typed. The dissertation guide should review the draft thesis at least twice in due consultation with the concerned student before finalising it.

4. Each student should prepare and submit two copies of the thesis to the Head of the Department one week prior to the Practical Examination. One copy of the thesis will be returned to the student and the other will be retained by the guide.

5. The dissertation work carries 100 marks which will be evaluated as per following guidelines:

- 50% marks- Evaluation by the Guide and Head of the Geology Department on the basis of performance of the student – punctuality, enthusiasm, and aptitude- during fieldwork / survey of industries / laboratory work / theoretical investigations / data processing as applicable.
- 50% marks for Power Point Presentation and Preparation of the thesis– to be evaluated by the Internal and External Examiners.

Practicals

Power point presentation of the dissertation report.

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GE-407: Basics of Geology

Unit I

Physical Geology and Mineralogy

Physical Geology: Introduction to Geology and its scope, Earth and Solar system: origin, size, shape, mass, density and its atmosphere; Origin of Earth: Laplace and Kant Nebular Hypothesis; Buffon, Chamberlain and Moulton Planetesimal Theory, Jean and Jeffery's Tidal Theory.

Interior of the Earth: Use of seismic waves in understanding the internal structure of the Earth- Inner Core, Transition zone, Outer Core, Mantle, Asthenosphere.

Weathering: Definition, Types, Agents and controlling factors; Products of Weathering – Tors, Cliffs, Talus and Scree, Regolith; Soil formation, Soil Profiles.

Mineralogy: Definition of mineral; Chemical Bonding in minerals; Properties of minerals like form, chemical composition, colour, lustre, streak, hardness, cleavage, fracture, specific gravity and transparency; Study of following minerals group with reference to general physical properties; Chemical composition, and occurrence in rocks: Olivine group, Pyroxene group, Amphibole group, Mica group, Feldspar group and Silica group.

Unit II

Petrology

Igneous Petrology: Magma: definition, composition, types and origin; Forms of igneous rocks; textures of igneous rocks, Classification of igneous rocks based on i. Mode of Occurrence, ii. Silica Percentage, iii. Colour Index iv. Feldspar Content v. Silica Saturation vi. Alumina Saturation.

Sedimentary Petrology: Processes of formation of sedimentary rocks- Residual deposits, Sedimentary Deposits, Chemical deposits, Organic deposits; Textures based on grain size, sorting, shape and roundness; Structures of sedimentary rocks – Primary and secondary;

Metamorphic Petrology: Definition of metamorphism; Agents of metamorphism; Types of metamorphism – Thermal, Cataclastic, Dynamothermal and Plutonic Metamorphism; Zones and grades of metamorphism; Outline of Facies of Metamorphism
Textures and structures of metamorphic rocks.
